

Enhancing junior high school students reading literacy by examining the connections between performance, reading habits, and attitude:

A case study

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The views expressed in this paper are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views, opinions or positions of CEM.

# **Definition of reading literacy**

### **Progress in International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS)**

by the International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IEA)

"The ability to understand and use those written language forms required by society and/or valued by the individual. Young readers can construct meaning from a variety of texts. They read to learn, to participate in communities of readers in school and everyday life, and for enjoyment."

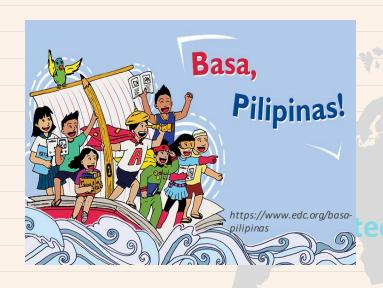
### **Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA)**

by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

"Understanding, using, reflecting on and engaging with written texts, in order to achieve one's goals, develop one's knowledge and potential, and participate in society."



# **Key facts on literacy**





## **Promising interventions**

### **Reading Habits**

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"How much a person read, how often do they read, when do they read and what do they read" (Rosli et al., 2017)

### **Attitudes Toward Reading**



"An individual's feeling about reading. It causes learners to adopt or avoid a reading situation"

(Rosli et al., 2017)



## Results of prior studies



### Reading habits and academic performance

- "Positive reading habits correlated positively with the participants' test scores on two consecutive tests" (Samaranayake et al., 2022)
- "Reading habit has influence on academic performance and there is a relationship between reading habit and academic performance" (Owusu-Acheaw, 2014)
- "Reading habit has a significant influence on academic performance. There is also a relationship between the reading habit and the academic performance of students" (Taha, 2021)
- "Reading habits has important impact on students academic performance" (Diwan, 2020)

# Results of prior studies



#### Reading attitudes and academic performance

- "Results indicated that both reading ability and reading attitude significantly predicted reading achievement 4 months later" (Martinez, et al., 2008)
- "Students attitudes towards reading show a statistically significant difference in the total scores, in the reading for fun and in the academic reading sub-dimensions" (Bayraktar & Firat, 2020)



 "Reading attitude and achievement become more closely linked over time, developing into important causal determinants of reading achievement by early adolescence" (Kush et al., 2005)

# **Study participants**





- Grade 9 public school students in Mindanao
- One section with a class size of 42 students

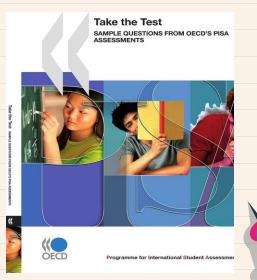
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### **Data collection**

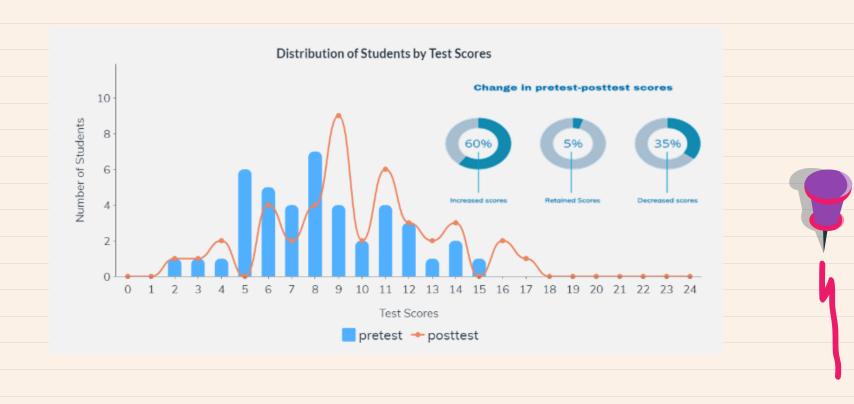
### Data were collected using:

- Sample Questions from the OECD's PISA
   Assessments for English (2000 to 2009 test cycles)
  - 1. Lake Chad, 5 items
  - 2. Police, 4 items
  - 3. Labor, 5 items
  - 4. Runners, 4 items
  - 5. The Play's The Thing, 4 items
- Student Information Questionnaire (SIQ)

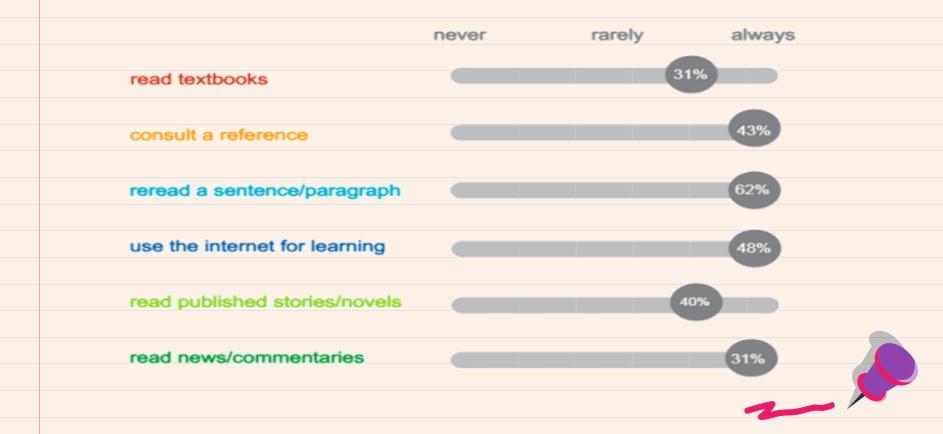


https://www.oecd.org/education/school/programmeforinternationalstudentassessmentpisa/pisatakethetestsamplequestionsfromoecdspisaassessments.htm#Vol\_1\_and\_2

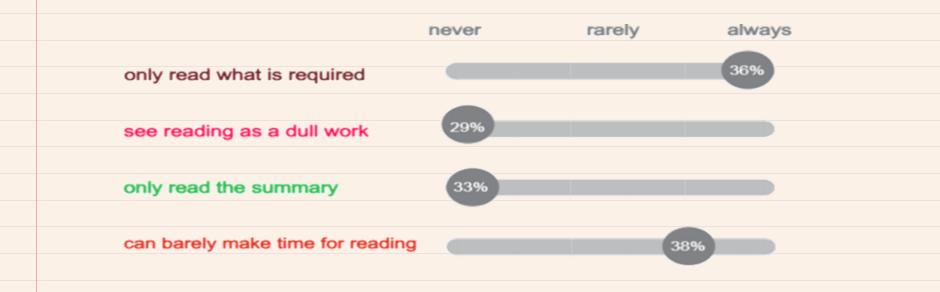
## General student profile based on the reading test



## General student profile based on the reading habits



### General student profile based on the reading attitudes







## Subgroup student profile based on reading habits

often, always often, always













75% read textbooks

83% use internet for learning

42% read published stories

82% consult a reference

91% reread sentences

high performers

45% read news/editorials

#### increased posttest scores













50%

read textbooks

38% use internet for learning 38%

read published stories

44% 44% consult a reference

reread sentences

low performers

56% read news/editorials

decreased/no change posttest scores

## Subgroup student profile based on reading attitude

often, always

often, always



17%

see reading as a dull work

increased posttest scores



55%

can barely make time for reading

55%

only read what is required

high performers



38%

see reading as a dull work

decreased/no change posttest scores



33%

can barely make time for reading



67%

only read what is required

low performers

### Recommendations

Considerations for forming good reading habits (Siebert, 2008, as cited in Adnan et al., 2016)

- Set up a schedule for studying
- Reward your studying
- Ideas for building positive attitudes (Allman et al., 1999, as cited in Syukur, 2016)
  - Make the tips presented on organization, time management, and study habits meaningful and relevant to students
  - Encourage students to look upon their educations as their "jobs"
- Conduct further study



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### Thank you!

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